## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for dissociating a zinc ion from a CCHC zinc finger of a retroviral nucleocapsid protein, said method comprising contacting said retroviral nucleocapsid protein with a compound selected from the group consisting of:

disulfides having the formula R—S—S—R;

maleimides having the formula

 $\alpha$ -halogenated ketones having the formula  $X \longrightarrow CH_2 \longrightarrow C=0$ 

hydrazides having the formula R—NH—NH—R; nitric oxide and derivatives containing the NO group; cupric ions and complexes containing Cu<sup>+2</sup>; and ferric ions and complexes containing Fe<sup>+3</sup>;

wherein R is any atom or molecule, and X is selected from the group consisting of F, I, Br and Cl.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said retroviral nucleocapsid protein is incorporated into an intact retrovirus.
- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein said retroviral nucleocapsid protein is an HIV-1 nucleocapsid protein.
- 4. The method of claim 1 further comprising detecting the dissociation of said zinc ion from the CCHC zinc finger of said retroviral nucleocapsid protein.
- 5. The method of claim 4 wherein detecting the dissociation of said zinc ion from the CCHC zinc finger of said retroviral nucleocapsid protein is carried out

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using a method selected from the group consisting of capillary electrophoresis, immunoblotting, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), high pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC), detecting release of radioactive zinc-65, detecting fluorescence, and detecting gel mobility shift.

6. A method for inactivating a retrovirus, said method comprising contacting said retrovirus with a compound selected from the group consisting of:

disulfides having the formula R—S—S—R;

maleimides having the formula

 $\alpha$ -halogenated ketones having the formula  $X \longrightarrow CH_2 \longrightarrow C=0$ ;

hydrazides having the formula R—NH—NH—R; nitric oxide and derivatives containing the NO group; cupric ions and complexes containing Cu<sup>+2</sup>; and ferric ions and complexes containing Fe<sup>+3</sup>;

- wherein R is any atom or molecule, and X is selected from the group consisting of F, I, Br and Cl.
- 7. The method of claim 6, wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of: Tetramethylthiuram Disulfide, Tetraethylthiuram Disulfide, Tetraisopropylthiuram Disulfide, Tetrabutylthiuram Disulfide, Dicyclopentamethylenethiuram Disulfide, Isopropylxanthic Disulfide, O,O-Diethyl
- Dithiobis-(Thioformate), Benzoyl Disulfide, Benzoylmethyl Disulfide, Formamidine Disulfide 2HCl, 2-(Diethylamino)ethyl Disulfide, Aldrithiol-2, Aldrithiol-4,
  - 2,2-Dithiobis(Pyridine N-Oxide), 6,6-Dithiodinicotinic Acid, 4-Methyl-2-Quinolyl Disulfide, 2-Quinolyl Disulfide, 2,2 Dithiobis(benzothiazole).
  - 2,2-Dithiobis(4-Tert-Butyl-1-Isopropyl)-Imidazole,  $4\sqrt{\text{dimethylamino}}$  phenyl disulfide,
- 2-Acetamidophenyl Disulfide, 2,3-Dimethoxyphenyl Disulfide, 4-Acetamidophenyl

Disulfide, 2-(Ethoxycarboxamido) phenyl Disulfide, 3-Nitrophenyl Disulfide, 4-Nitrophenyl Disulfide, 2-Aminophenyl Disulfide, 2,2 Dithiobis(benzonitrile), p-Tolyl Disulfoxide, 2,4,5-Trichlorophenyl Disulfide, 4-Methylsulfonyl-2-Nitrophenyl Disulfide, 4-Methylsulfonyl-2-Nitrophenyl Disulfide, 3,3-Dithiodipropionic Acid, N,N-Diformyl-L-Cystine, Trans-1,2-Dithiane-4,5-Diol, 2-Chloro-5-Nitrophenyl Disulfide, 2-Amino-4-Chlorophenyl Disulfide, 5,5-Dithiobis(2-Nitrobenzoic Acid), 2,2-Dithiobis(1-Naphtylamine), 2,4-Dinitrophenyl p-Tolyl Disulfide, 4-Nitrophenyl p-Tolyl Disulfide, and 4-Chloro-3-Nitrophenyl Disulfideformamidine disulfide dihydrochloride.

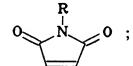
- 8. The method of claim 6, wherein said retrovirus is selected from the group consisting of Lentiviruses and Oncoviruses.
- 9. The method of claim 6, wherein said retrovirus is a HIV-1 retrovirus.
- 10. The method of claim 6, wherein the method further comprises contacting said retrovirus with an anti-retroviral agent.
- 11. The method of claim 6, wherein the method further comprises contacting said retrovirus with a nucleotide analogue.
- 12. The method of claim 6, wherein the method further comprises contacting said retrovirus with AZT.
- 13. A method of selecting a compound capable of dissociating a zinc ion chelated with a CCHC zinc finger of a retroviral nucleocapsid protein, said method comprising:
  - (a) contacting the CCHC zinc finger of said retroviral nucleocapsid protein with an electron acceptor; and
  - (b) detecting the dissociation of said zinc ion from the CCHC zinc finger of said retroviral nucleocapsid protein.

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disulfides having the formula R-S-S-R;

maleimides having the formula



 $\alpha$ -halogenated ketones having the formula  $X \longrightarrow CH_2 \longrightarrow C=0$ ;

hydrazides having the formula R—NH—NH—R; nitric oxide and derivatives containing the NO group; cupric ions and complexes containing Cu<sup>+2</sup>; and ferric ions and complexes containing Fe<sup>+3</sup>;

wherein R is any atom or molecule, and X is selected from the group consisting of F, I, Br and Cl.

- 15. The method of claim 13 wherein said step of detecting the dissociation of said zinc ion from the CCHC zinc finger of said retroviral nucleocapsid protein is carried out using a method selected from the group consisting of capillary electrophoresis, immuno-blotting, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), high pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC), detecting release of radioactive zinc-65, detecting fluorescence, and detecting gel mobility shift.
- 16. A kit for selecting a compound capable of dissociating a zinc ion from a CCHC zinc finger of a nucleocapsid protein, said kit comprising a retroviral nucleocapsid protein and instructions for detecting the dissociation of said zinc ion from said nucleocapsid protein.
- 17. The kit of claim 16, wherein said retroviral nucleocapsid protein is supplied with the zinc ion chelated with the CCNC zinc finger of said retroviral nucleocapsid protein.

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- 18. The kit of claim 16, wherein said retroviral nucleocapsid protein is derived from a HIV-1 retrovirus.
- 19. The kit of claim 16, wherein said nucleocapsid protein is incorporated in an intact retrovirus.
- 20. The kit of claim 19, wherein said retrovirus is selected from the group consisting of Lentiviruses and Oncoviruses.
- 21. The kit of claim 19, wherein said nucleocapsid protein is incorporated into an intact HIV-1 retrovirus.
- 22. The kit of claim 16, wherein said kit further comprises instructions for the selection of a compound selected from the group consisting of: disulfides having the formula R—S—R;

maleimides having the formula

 $\alpha$ -halogenated ketones with the structure X—CH<sub>2</sub>—C=0

hydrazides having the formula R—NH—NH—R; nitric oxide and derivatives containing the NO group; cupric ions and complexes containing Cu<sup>+2</sup>; and ferric ions and complexes containing Fe<sup>+3</sup>;

- wherein R is any atom or molecule, and X is selected from the group consisting of F, I, Br and Cl.
- 23. The kit of claim 16, wherein said instructions are directed to detecting the dissociation of said zinc ion from said nucleocapsid protein using a method selected from the group consisting of capillary electrophoresis, immuno-blotting, Nuclear

Magnetic Resonance (NMR), high pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC), detecting release of radioactive zinc-65 detecting fluorescence and detecting a gel mobility shift.